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Résumé

Nous introduisons une nouvelle méthode pour le traitement statistique de données quantitatives concernant des textes à caractère narratif. Grâce à cette méthode, il est possible de découvrir l'ordre chronologique de fragments de textes séparés et de reconnaître des duplicates, c'est à dire des textes ou des fragments de texte corrélés dans un grand échantillon de ceux-ci. À titre d'exemple, nous considérons l'application à l'analyse statistique de textes historiques.

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